

MARIJANA SAVIC



PROFILE

Marijana is the founder and director of Serbian NGO Atina that combats human trafficking and fights violence against women. Through Atina's creative social enterprise, Bagel Bejgl Shop, Marijana creates a safe space for female trafficking survivors to learn new skills and find employment opportunities alongside other survivors and at-risk women.

CONTACT

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VOICES OF FEMALE ENTREPRENEURS

What motivated you to become an entrepreneur?

I am a doer, always oriented toward setting goals and achieving sustainable results, willing to try new things and offer solutions. That is how we created Bagel Bejgl, a women's social entrepreneurship initiative. NGO Atina is the owner of Bagel Bejgl and has been intensively working to protect human trafficking victims in Serbia for the past 20 years.

What is one challenge you had to overcome in the creation of your enterprise?

The challenges are everywhere, but my task, and the task of the entire team, is to keep overcoming them each day, remain unshakable and focus on the future. The essence is in consistency and not giving up. Also, you must learn to let some things go when the time comes, even if it means letting go of an initial idea, no matter how good it was. If the circumstances change, you always have to adapt to the new ones.

Women, Business and the Law data reveals that 8 positive reforms related to women's economic empowerment occurred in Serbia since 1971. How do you think these legal reforms have impacted your and other women's ability to participate in the economy?

Although Serbia has adopted new laws, inefficient procedures cost us the most. In addition to the laws themselves, it is necessary to invest in active citizenship and women's leadership in order to encourage institutions to implement the measures that benefit all members of society indisputably and in accordance with the law.

In what areas in your country would you like to see legal reforms that help encourage women's participation in the economy?

I would invest in a care economy and social care system, so that the care work does not only and exclusively fall on women, or that it becomes recognized as a job, and compensated for accordingly. That will allow many women to fulfill their ambitions in a way they need to, not in a way that is imposed on them by the current system.

What advice do you have for other women entrepreneurs?

I don't like to give advice, but I do have four guiding ideas that I keep repeating to myself, which may be useful to other women as well: 1. Always believe in yourself, even when no one else does; 2. Always support other women, everywhere, in everything they do (true solidarity as a key feminist principle); 3. Never back away from malicious and gender insensitive comments; 4. Stay determined.

The <u>WE Empower</u> UN SDG Challenge and the World Bank's *Women, Business and the Law* project have partnered to produce a series of stories about female entrepreneurs who were selected as WE Empower Challenge Awardees between 2018 and 2022. These stories showcase how laws and regulations affect women's economic opportunity in six regions. The stories are intended for use by women's rights Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) in their policy advocacy as well as policymakers.









REGION Europe & Central Asia

INCOME GROUP OECD high income

100

90

80 70

50

30

MAIN BUSINESS CITY Belgrade

FEMALE LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION 47%

SERBIA WBL INDEX SCORE 93.8 76.5 84.1 Page Code of Language And Language Code of Language And Language And

BREAKDOWN OF THE SCORE BY INDICATOR

Regional average (ECA) Global average

Serbia - Scores for Women, Business and the Law 2022

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Mobility	Workplace	Pay	Marriage	Parenthood	Entrepreneur- ship	Assets	Pension	WBL 2022 Index Score
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	50	93.8

OPPORTUNITIES FOR REFORM

Serbia has the maximum score for seven out of eight WBL indicators, but it could consider filling the gaps in the **Pension** indicator. For example, by adopting legislation that would equalize the age at which men and women can retire will full and partial pension benefits.



Pension

The age at which men and women can retire with full and partial pension benefits is not the same.

LEARN MORE

<u>Women, Business and the Law</u> <u>2022 Report</u> Serbia Economy Snapshot

wbl.worldbank.org/en/wbl

www.globalfutures.asu.edu

LEGAL REFORMS (1970-2021)*

2011 Serbia made access to credit easier for women by prohibiting gender-based discrimination in financial services

2010 Serbia mandated equal remuneration for work of equal value.

2007 Serbia enacted legislation protecting women from domestic violence.

Serbia introduced paid paternity leave. It also introduced paid parental leave.

2003 Serbia prohibited gender discrimination in employment.

MARIJANA SAVIC ABOUT THE REFORMS:

"A lot has been done in the past 50 years, of course. It would be problematic if that was not the case. The lapse of the system here is the fact that, unfortunately the institutions in Serbia are not strong, accountable and transparent. The system of checks and balances is only nominally in place, and the separation of power within the government does not function in practice."

* Only displaying a selection of reforms by WBL Report Year